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PURE NON-ALCOHOLIC  
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# Hongkong Daily Press.

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The only Reliable Brand is  
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IS A DELIGHTFUL ADJUNCT TO  
THE TOILET. AND ALSO SERVES A  
VARIETY OF USEFUL PURPOSES IN  
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A. S. WATSON & CO.  
LIMITED,  
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PRICE \$11.00 PER DOZEN  
NET

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Blend  
Selected  
Distillations of the  
Finest Scotch Whiskies

Apply to  
SIEMSEN & CO., Hongkong. [a46]

GREEN ISLAND CEMENT COMPANY.

PORTLAND CEMENT.  
Casks of 375 lbs. net \$4.75 per Cask ex Factory.  
Bags of 250 lbs. net \$2.85 per bag ex Factory.  
SHEWAN, TOMES & CO.,  
General Managers.  
Ho. pkng., 14th August, 1903. [a3389]

VICTORIA CYCLE EMPORIUM  
We are Sole Agents for the following—  
MONOPOL, FUTURE, CENTAUR, and  
NEW PREMIER CYCLES. Best American  
Machines in the market, always on hand  
for sale. Also a large assortment of SECOND-  
HAND MACHINES of various makes,  
nearly as good as new, at greatly reduced prices.  
MOTOR CYCLES, MAIL CARTS,  
RICKSHAS FITTED WITH PNEUMATIC  
TYRES and BALL BEARINGS THROUGH-  
OUT. Everything in the trade always kept in  
stock. First-class workmanship guaranteed in  
all branches of the business. Re-ensembling a  
speciality.  
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[a3389]

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PRODUCE the Highest Class AERATED  
WATERS in the Far East on account  
of their High Class Machinery and also of the  
superior ingredients they use in the manufacture  
of their goods, and the cleanliness, &c., are all  
under strict supervision of Europeans only.

REPORT OF AN EXPERT.  
The representative of Messrs. BRATBY and  
HINCHLIFFE, LIMITED, Aerated Water  
Engineers and Chemists, Manchester, visited our  
factory recently in the course of a tour amongst  
European Aerated Water Makers, and was greatly  
surprised at the compactness of our factory and  
also the methodical way in which everything  
pertaining to the making of Aerated Waters  
was carried out. He also expressed himself  
strongly on the absolute cleanliness of our  
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equal to any he had yet visited and superior to  
a great many. He also reported that the  
quality of our goods was of a first-class nature,  
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exercised in the course of their manufacture.

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367. Depot, Ice House Street. Tel. 371.  
Dr. V. DANENBERG & F. DANENBERG,  
General Managers.  
Hongkong, 11th May, 1904. [a122]

## RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR FUND.

(1) Providing additional comforts in Hospital  
treating all sick and wounded from the War.  
(2) In aid of the families of Japanese killed  
in the War.  
It is proposed to close the above Fund on  
SATURDAY, 4th June, 1904, and intending  
Subscribers are therefore requested to kindly  
notify the undersigned on or before that date.  
J. R. M. SMITH,  
Hon. Treasurer.  
Hongkong, 30th May, 1904. [a1384]

DAVID CORSAIR & SONS  
MERCHANT NAVY  
NAVY BOILED  
ONG FLAX  
RELIANCE CROWN  
TARPAULING  
ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.  
Sole Agents  
[a1386]

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IMPORTED EVERY MONTH, THERE-  
FORE ALWAYS FRESH

REY'S, SCHULTZ'S, AMBERITE  
and KYNOC'S SPORTING  
CARTRIDGES 8, 10, 12, 16, and 20 BORE,  
and NEWCASTLE CHILLED SHOT in  
all Sizes, Nos. 10 to 8SSG. AIR GUNS and  
AMMUNITION in Variety.  
W. M. C. & CO.  
Hongkong 28th November, 1902

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ESTABLISHED IN LONDON IN 1815.

SHIPPERS TO CHINA FOR 75 YEARS.

Their Brands are favourably known all over the World.

The following are some of their Stocks with the undersigned—

SUPERB OLD COGNAC,  
\$23.50 PER DOZ.

Distinguished by Four Stars on the label.

ANOTHER FINE COGNAC, \$18.50 per doz.

Less old than the above

IMPERIAL BRANDY  
\$12.00 PER CASE.

THE ELITE OF WHISKY—  
THE "PALL MALL."

\$21 PER DOZ.

11 Years old: the finest quality shipped.

Each bottle bears an Analyst's certificate.

C. P. & Co.'s OWN SPECIAL  
BLEND WHISKY,  
\$11.00 PER DOZ.

Very soft, palatable, and mature.

EVERYBODY SHOULD TRY THESE ITEMS

AGENTS—SIEMSEN & CO., HONGKONG. [a45]

C.P. & Co.'s INVALIDS' PORT  
\$21 PER DOZ.

This fine Wine is old, soft, and of grand flavour.  
See analysis and certificate by Professor Cassal.

DOURO PORT.

\$15.00 PER DOZ.

A fine, full, and fruit wine.

AMOROSO SHERRY.

\$20 PER DOZ.

LA TORRE SHERRY.

\$17.00 PER DOZ.

A natural and most pleasant wine to the taste

BENEDICTINE LIQUEUR—  
D.O.M.,  
\$41.75 PER DOZ. QUARTS.  
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THEY ARE UNEQUALLED AT THE PRICE

## E. C. WILKS & CO.

### MARINE SURVEYORS.

CONSULTING ENGINEERS AND NAVAL ARCHITECTS.

COLLISIONS AND DAMAGES SURVEYED.

SALVAGE WORK UNDERTAKEN.

SHIP DESIGNS AND SPECIFICATIONS PREPARED.

Agents for the CONSTRUCTION and SALE of STEAM and MOTOR-LAUNCHES.

CONTRACTS for NEW TONNAGE on reasonable terms with first-class builders.

A large stock of CANADIAN ASBESTOS and ASBESTOS-CEMENT Goods kept.

Agents for Messrs. ALLEN & SONS ELECTRICAL PLANT and CENTRIFUGAL PUMPS.

Telegram Address: "MARINEWORK."

Telephone No. 358.

Hongkong, 1st May, 1904. [a1153]

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THE CHOICE-1 AND LARGEST VARIETY, FROM PARIS AND LONDON.

MARRONS GLACES, CRYSTALLISED FRUITS.

TOM SMITH'S CRACKERS.

KNAS PLUM PUDDINGS.

DATES, FIGS, RAISINS, ALMONDS and NUTS.

CHEESE { STILTON, CHEDDAR, GORGONZOLA, ROQUEFORT, CAMENBERT,  
SAVOIE, CREAM CHEESE, MACLAREN'S and YOUNG AMERICAN  
CHEESE.

YORK HAM and BEST ENGLISH BACON.

TOYS. TOYS.

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DEVELOPING AND PRINTING UNDERTAKEN.

GOOD WORK, PROMPT RETURN.

## LONG, HING & CO.,

PHOTO GOODS STORE,

17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 21st December, 1903. [a338]

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## SUMMER UNDERWEAR

SHIRTS. COLLARS. TIES.

STRAW HATS. PITH HELMETS.

RAINCOATS AND WATERPROOFS.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.  
Hongkong, 10th May, 1904. [a4]

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BASEBALL GOODS. Large Variety.  
SPALDING'S SUPERIOR TENNIS RACKETS.  
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SPECIAL ONE-DOLLAR BOX OF STATIONERY.  
OLD COLONY LINEN PAPER AND  
ENVELOPES (Duke Size).  
NEW HIGHLAND DARK GREY DITTO  
(Duke Size).  
CHEAP BUSINESS ENVELOPES in  
Great Variety.  
STEPHEN'S CARBON PAPER FOR TYPE-  
WRITERS, NEW TYPEWRITER  
RIBBONS.  
OLD COLONY LINEN BANK PAPER AND  
ENVELOPES.  
BIRTHDAY CARDS. [a33]

## ARNHOLD, KARBERG & CO.

LARGE STOCK

OF

## LIGHT RAILWAY MATERIAL

ENQUIRIES SOLICITED.

Hongkong, 29th April, 1904. [a33]

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NERNST ELECTRIC LIGHT.

BEAUTY OF ILLUMINATION COMBINED WITH GREAT ECONOMY

AS CHEAP AS GAS!

FOR PARTICULARS APPLY TO

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## AQUARIUS

AQUARIUS SPARKLING MINERAL TABLE WATER  
(made from Pure Triple Distilled Water).  
AQUARIUS SILENT WATER.  
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AQUARIUS BELFAST GINGER ALE.  
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## THE AQUARIUS COMPANY

GENERAL MANAGERS.

CALDBECK, MACGREGOR & CO.,

15, Queen's Road,  
Hongkong, 16th May, 1904. [a35]

## CHAMPAGNE "MONOPOLE."

HEIDSIECK & CO., REIMS.

PURVEYORS TO THE IMPERIAL COURT AT BERLIN.

CARLOWITZ & CO. Sole Agents. [a1301]

## OFFICES TO LET.

## WATKINS BUILDINGS

(NEAR POST OFFICE).

APPLY TO—

## WATKINS LIMITED,

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Telephone 344. [a37]

THE

## LAHMEYER ELECTRICAL CO. LD.

LONDON,

ELECTRIZITAETS ACTIEN GESELLSCHAFT FORM.

W. LAHMEYER & CO., FRANKFURT A/M.

FOR ESTIMATES OF ELECTRICAL INSTALLATIONS OF ANY DESCRIPTION

Apply to—

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PURE FRESH WATER.

THE HONGKONG STEAM WATER-  
BOAT CO. LD., is prepared to supply  
ANY QUANTITY OF PURE FRESH  
WATER to the Shipping, both for Deck and  
Boilers.  
Call Flag W.

J. W. KEW,  
Manager.

1st Floor, 37, Connaught Road  
Hongkong, 13th June, 1903. [3943]

TONG CHONG & CO.

No. 98, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Manufacturers of Hand-made Pure

HAVANA CIGARS and CIGARETTES

They are made of best Havana leaves and

possess a mild and choice flavour.

Inspection courteously invited.  
Hongkong, 26th May, 1904. [1337]

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### HONGKONG HOTEL

A FIRST-CLASS HOTEL IN EVERY RESPECT

Elegantly Furnished Reading, Drawing  
Music, Ping-pong and Smoking Rooms.  
Private Bar and Two Billiard Rooms for  
Hotel Residents.  
Dining Accommodation for 300 persons.  
Private and Special Dining Rooms.  
European Chef and Indian Curry Cook.  
Ladies' Afternoon Tea Rooms with European  
Patron in attendance.  
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Hydraulic Elevators to each Floor.  
Bedroom Accommodation—131 rooms.  
Electric Lighting throughout. Electric Fans  
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Hot and Cold Water throughout.  
Wines and Groceries specially imported by  
the Hotel Co.  
Wines cooled by Hotel refrigerators.  
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Fire Extinguishing Mains and Emergency  
Exits on every floor.

MODERATE CHARGES! NO EXTRAS!

H. HAYNES,  
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### THE PEAK HOTEL.

Admirably Situated. Sheltered from the  
North-East Monsoon and Open to the South  
West Monsoon.

A COVERED GANGWAY LEADS  
FROM THE TRAMWAY TERMINUS  
INTO THE HOTEL.

Telephone No. 29.  
Town Office: 7, DUNDRELL STREET. [a914]

### KING EDWARD HOTEL.

A HIGH CLASS PRIVATE HOTEL.

Ladies' Afternoon Tea-Rooms.  
Private Bar and Billiard-Rooms.  
Hot and Cold Water throughout.  
Electrically Lighted. Electric Fans (if  
required).  
Electric Passenger Elevator to each floor.  
Table D'Hôte at separate tables.

For Terms, &c., apply to the—  
MANAGER.  
Hongkong, 10th June 1903. [a1082]

### CONNAUGHT HOUSE.

A FIRST CLASS HOTEL Situated near  
the Banks and Principal Offices.  
Excellent Cuisine and Wines.  
Large and lofty Rooms. Elegantly Furnished  
Hydraulic Elevator, hot and cold water  
throughout.  
Special Rates for Tourists.  
Lunch Service for Guests.  
For Terms, apply to the  
MANAGER.  
Hongkong, 31st October, 1902. [a49]

### MACAO

AND

### CANTON HOTELS.

A LITTLE CHANGE.

THE Round Trip from HONGKONG  
to MACAO, thence to CANTON and back to  
Hongkong, will be found interesting and  
enjoyable.

WM. FARMER,

Proprietor. [a1362]

### "BOA VISTA" (HOTEL-SANTARUM OF SOUTH CHINA) MACAO

HAS been re-opened under European  
management and most strict supervision  
as to food, cleanliness, and hygiene of the place.  
All comforts of a home.  
A most pleasant resort for these desirous of  
a few days rest and quiet.  
Comfortable accommodation for travellers  
paying a visit to the historical and picturesque  
colony of Macao.  
Macao is 40 miles south-west of Hongkong.  
One steamer (s.s. *Hemaphys*), daily to and  
from Hongkong, and two steamers to and from  
Canton, give easy communication with both  
these centres.  
Cable Address—"BOA VISTA."  
For Terms, apply to  
THE MANAGER. [224]







## CANTON.

FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.

## THE PRESS IN CANTON.

Until a few years ago the publication of newspapers was forbidden in Canton, but with the growth of a spirit of inquiry into Western systems, a healthy native Press has sprung up. It may indeed be called healthy, for it has never shrunk from expressing opinions on both local and State affairs, as in the Shen judicial murder case, and on many occasions in provincial matters. Some time ago the writer paid a visit to the *Young Shing* offices, where some interesting information was gleaned. This paper publishes 7,000 copies daily, and is widely read not only in the city, but in other parts of the empire and abroad. The proprietor, who is now in America, is an intelligent and able gentleman, who has spent many years in Europe and the United States. He holds official rank, and has never been afraid of criticising the management of affairs. The offices of the paper are situated in one of the busiest streets in the city. There is a large staff employed, and the place is kept in good order. The printing press was made in Japan, but is worked entirely by Chinese. It is hoped that before long it will be possible to make printing machines in China. There are besides five other newspapers in this city, with a combined circulation of 20,000, making 16,000 in all, so that every "Hewett" in Canton has the opportunity of reading his morning "daily."

With regard to the subject-matter, foreign telegrams naturally fill a good deal of space, which is shared by local items (such as provincial news and reports on the administration), and editorials. Notes from the Japanese Press are frequently inserted, so that in this, as in many other departments of Chinese life, an important part is played by the Japanese in the awakening of China. There is every prospect, from what can be gathered, of large additions to both the circulation of existing papers and to the actual number. The large provincial centres will in time be invaded by the Press, which already holds a definite position in Cantonese life.

## PLEASURE IN CANTON.

With the coming of the hot weather plague has appeared in Canton, and it seems this year to be a good deal severer than during the past few years. The whole city is not affected, but Homan Island, where two years ago cholera was so prevalent, is again bearing the brunt of the epidemic. Mr. Noyes, whose death was reported last week, succumbed in Fati, which is on the opposite side of the river from Shamoon. The southern quarter appears to be free, but in the north, where it might least be expected, the bell disease is playing havoc. In one street—that leading to the North gate—seventy deaths have taken place during the last few weeks. There is, however, little danger for foreigners.

## THE TRAINING OF SCHOOL TEACHERS.

The successful candidates in the examination recently held will be sent to Europe and Japan in a fortnight's time. They will be allowed \$1,000 a year each, and will remain abroad for 5 years, when they will return as teachers to this city.

## POLICE COURT.

Thursday, 2nd June.

Before Mr. J. H. KEMP, (Second Police Magistrate).

## ROBBING THE ADMIRALTY.

Two men were charged with stealing stores from the Naval Yard at Kowloon. One was sentenced to three months' hard labour, and six hours' stocks, while his companion was awarded 14 days' imprisonment.

## DEAD BODIES.

An opium-divan keeper, charged with failing to report a death at his establishment, was fined \$25 or one month's imprisonment.

A Chinese woman was fined \$25 or one month's imprisonment for removing the dead body of her daughter, a child, without an order. She was arrested at West Point while carrying the body.

## A HYDRANT TAPPED.

A man charged with taking water from a fire hydrant was fined \$5.

## POLLUTING WATER.

For polluting the water in the Tai-tau Reservoir, by washing clothes there, a man was fined \$15 or one month.

## A COSTLY ARTICLE.

A new arrival from Canton was fined \$15 with the alternative of a month's imprisonment for unlawful possession of an umbrella.

## ROBBERIES AND VAGABONDAGE.

Several rogues and vagabonds were brought before the Magistrate and sentenced to various short terms of imprisonment. They were arrested at Wanchai.

## FORGED OPIUM CHECKS.

Within the last few days several natives have been charged with having considerable quantities of illicit opium in their possession, and were in each case fined ten times the value of the amount of the drug they had. One man was also ordered to be placed in the stocks for one hour. What is more serious some men have been charged with forging the Opium Farmer's check. One or two cases of this description will come before the Court at next Criminal Session.

## WEATHER REPORT.

The Hongkong Observatory yesterday issued the following report:—

On the 2nd at 11.35 a.m. The barometer has risen slightly at nearly all stations.

The greatest pressure is now found in Japan and the Gulf of Bechli.

Gradients are still very slight on the China Coast and light variable winds will prevail in the Formosa Channel and moderate NE winds in the northern part of the China Sea.

The northern depression remains to the north of Shanghai and is nearly stationary.

Forecast:—Moderate E to NE winds, fine.

## HONGKONG SANITARY BOARD.

A meeting of the Sanitary Board was held yesterday afternoon in the Board Room, Hon. Dr. J. M. Atkinson presided, and there were also present Hon. A. W. Broom, Registrar-General; Mr. Fung Wa Chiu; Colonel W. E. Webb, R.A.M.C.; Mr. A. Ramjahn; Hon. H. E. Pollock, K.C.; Mr. E. A. Hewett; Dr. W. W. Pearce, Medical Officer of Health; Mr. F. J. Badley, Captain Superintendent of Police; Dr. Barnett; and Mr. T. A. Hamner (Acting Secretary).

The minutes of the last meeting were confirmed.

## OLD WELLS IN QUEEN'S ROAD.

A minute by the Medical Officer of Health, recommending that certain old wells in Nos. 122 and 126, Queen's Road Central, be closed, was discussed.

Mr. LAU CHU PAK said it was not reasonable to close any more wells unless they could get an efficient water supply. If the Chinese did drink this water they boiled it first. He personally was driven to use well water when he was unable to get any from the mains. He proposed the wells be not closed until there was a proper supply of water for washing purposes.

Mr. A. RAMJAHN said the places were first-classing houses that required water to wash pots, etc. The wells should not be closed while there was an intermittent supply. Let the matter be brought forward when there was a good water supply.

Mr. E. A. HEWETT strongly recommended that the wells be closed. The question was: Did the Government supply enough water? When there was a short supply of water at the eating houses the well water would be largely used for potable purposes. They ought to order that these wells be closed at once.

Mr. LAU CHU PAK contended that the water was better than that in mosquito breeding nullahs where people baled out water.

On a vote being taken it was carried that the wells be closed. Messrs. Lau Chu Pak and A. Ramjahn voting against it.

## NULLAH AT THE RACECOURSE.

Dr. Barnett, in a minute, recommended that the nullah running by the west side of the Racecourse be trained.

Hon. Registrar-General intimated: It would be much better, where the Board is called upon to recommend expenditure for an object like this, if it had placed before it a general report and not one on a particular object. The M.O.H. should invite the attention of the Board to all nullahs, the training of which he thinks advisable, and the Board can then decide which work it considers most pressing.

Mr. E. A. Hewett intimated: I agree with the Registrar-General. The two nullahs running into the Parade Ground at the Peak are swarming with mosquitoes, which must adversely affect the health of the men at Mount Austin Barracks.

Mr. A. Ramjahn intimated: Every nullah in the Colony should be trained. The nullahs at Magazine Gap should have been trained long ago. I hope the Medical Officer of Health will make a general report on all untrained nullahs.

Hon. H. E. Pollock intimated: This nullah clearly ought to be trained.

Col. Webb intimated: I think this nullah should be trained.

Mr. Lau Chu Pak intimated: As a matter of fact every nullah ought to be trained.

Hon. D.P.W.: This is entirely a matter of funds. The Government has spent a large amount this year, and have other nullahs equally objectionable in view for further training.

The President proposed that the recommendation be forwarded to the Government.

Mr. E. A. HEWETT proposed an amendment to include the two nullahs he had mentioned. He had visited the vicinity and been nearly driven away by mosquitoes. A few weeks back the Peak was almost untenable. It was very bad for the troops at Mount Austin. He thought Colonel Webb would agree with him.

Colonel Webb said the troops had not been affected by these nullahs, the men being provided with mosquito curtains. The streams were examined after the rains, but they were unable to find many mosquitoes. He recommended that as they could not train all the streams at the same time they should find out which it was most important to train first.

The President proposed that Mr. Hewett's letter, if no one objected, accompany the report, and this was agreed to.

Hon. REGISTRAR GENERAL mentioned that there were a large number of matsheds at Wanchai-chong that ought to be pulled down.

Dr. Barnett said that the matter had been under consideration for the past month.

## APPLICATION FROM STATION STREET.

An application for a modification of the requirements of the Public Health and Building Ordinances, in respect of Nos. 2 and 31, Station Street, Mongkok, came before the Board. No open space is provided in the rear of these premises, so the Sanitary Board recently issued a notice to abate the building nuisance by opening out on each story one-half of the entire space intervening between the principal room or rooms and the main wall at the back of the building, as well as by providing each story with a window of at least ten square feet superficial area, opening into the open space.

Mr. A. Ramjahn intimated: Grant exemption. This matter was left over for further information.

## A QUESTION OF BACK-YARDS.

Application was made for exemption from the provision of back-yards, in respect of Nos. 140 to 158, Reclamation Street, Yau-mat.

The applicant in his letter explained that there was a 15 ft. lane at the rear of the houses, which are well let and ventilated. He understood that a block of houses close by this lot was altered in a similar manner, exemption being granted.

The application was granted.

## A YAU-MAT APPLICATION.

Another application for the modification of the requirements was in respect of No. 83, Temple Street, Yau-mat.

Hon. D.P.W. intimated: To obtain the 92 feet would mean setting back the wall seven feet. This would reduce the house to only 22 feet 6 inches. As it is corner one I think it might be exempted on this count.

Mr. A. Ramjahn intimated: As is seen from the block plan, the lot is 45 feet in depth according to the scale given, with a lane about 15 feet wide at the rear, the lane being a public one. I presume, if such is the case, I do not see how the open space proposed to be provided would come to 146 square feet, and the ground floor diagram showing a space of six feet to the boundary line of the property cannot be correct at the same time. I would suggest in future that full detailed measurements of the lot and the width of the lane, if any, at the rear, as well as the nature of such lane, whether private or public, should be given by applicants, so that members may easily see what is laid before them. As this is a corner lot with a public street 30 ft. wide on the side, and a lane 15 ft. wide at the rear, the building when completed should be well lighted, and I think exemption might be granted.

The application was granted.

EXTERNAL AIR.

The owner of No. 5, Shui Wai Lane applied for exemption from removing certain cubicles from his house, as ordered by the Inspector of Nuisances. He stated that he had only one cubicle on the premises, and that one opened on to a side lane with an air space of about 10 ft. in width. He was prepared to open another window in this cubicle.

This was conditionally granted.

OTHER APPLICATIONS.

An application was made for a modification of the requirements in respect of No. 39, D'Almeida Street. It was granted.

An application was made for exemption from the provision of back-yards in respect of No. 4 to 32, Station Street North, Kowloon. It was granted.

An application was made for exemption from the provision of open spaces in respect of No. 149, Des Voeux Road and No. 137, Bulkeley Street, Hongkong. It was granted.

With reference to the latter Mr. Ramjahn intimated: Dividing up the kitchen to form a lobby with a window opening into the lane would be preferable.

A decision was postponed to enable further information to be obtained.

LOGGING HOUSES.

Mr. E. A. Hewett, in reference to further washing accommodation in certain common lodging houses, intimated as follows: This requires discussion, but it appears to me that as it has not hitherto been the custom to provide baths I do not think we can insist upon landlords doing this. The Government should provide public bath-houses.

This was not discussed.

PEAK STATION.

Further correspondence relative to the proposed erection of a urinal in the engine-house at the Peak tramway terminus was discussed.

Permission to erect an urinal was refused.

VETERINARY REPORT.

The report of the Colonial Veterinary Surgeon for 1903 was laid on the table and adopted.

SERVANTS' QUARTERS.

An application was made for a modification of the requirements in respect of external air at the servants' quarters of No. 15, Queen's Road Central. This was granted.

OTHER ITEMS.

Various applications relative to renewal of licences were discussed, and dealt with on their respective merits.

The Mortality Statistics for the week ending 14th May were laid on the table. They showed the following death rate per 1,000 per annum:—British and Foreign community, 30.8; Chinese population, 22.2; Chinese boat population, 19.5; the whole Colony, excluding Army and Navy, 22.0. The corresponding week of last year showed 23.9 for the whole Colony, and the week ended 7th May this year, 20.6.

The Lime-washing Return for the fortnight ending 24th May was laid on the table. The Rat Return for the week ending 30th ult. showed that out of 325 rats caught at Hongkong 53 were found to be infected, and out of 168 rats caught at Kowloon eight were infected. This was all the business.

RUSSO-JAPANESE WAR FUND.

(1) Providing additional comforts in Hospital treating all sick and wounded from the War.

(2) In aid of the families of Japanese killed in the War.

Mr. J. R. M. Smith, the Hon. Treasurer, begs to acknowledge with thanks the following subscriptions for either (or both) of the above objects, as indicated on the subscription lists.

Already acknowledged	\$28,587.25
Balance of Kwanji Famine Fund	124.41
James H. Cox	50
J. J. dos Remedios & Co.	50
H. Hunter	50
J. C. Peter	50
F. Rahin & Co.	25
Philip-Japanese	25
J. S. Perry	25
E. S. Joseph	25
R. A. Gubbay	25
M. H. Michael	25
M. S. Sassoon	25
Teop & Read	10
S. E. Moses	10
J. Gubbay	10
R. D. Vania	10
David Jones	5
D. D. Gussard	5
Weston Mission Church, Fatsan.	1.20
per Rev. C. A. Gaff	
	\$30,271.86

## HONGKONG GENERAL CHAMBER OF COMMERCE.

At a monthly meeting of the General Committee of the Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce held in the Chamber Room, City Hall, on Wednesday, 11th May, 1904, at 3 o'clock p.m., Present:—Mr. E. A. Hewett (Chairman), Messrs W. J. Gresson, A. Hampt, N. A. Sips, J. R. M. Smith, R. C. Wilcox, A. G. Wood, Hon. H. E. Pollock, K.C., and A. R. Lowe (Secretary).

NEW COMMITTEE.

The CHAIRMAN mentioned that this was the first meeting of the new Committee elected at the Annual Meeting and he took the opportunity of welcoming Mr. W. J. Gresson, who had not sat on the Committee before, as had the other Members.

MINUTES.

The minutes of the monthly Committee Meeting of the 12th April were read and confirmed.

RECEIVER'S TELEGRAMS.

The CHAIRMAN said that the Secretary had drawn his attention to an infringement of the Act under which the copyright of the Receiver's telegrams issued by the Chamber was protected, and he had authorized legal proceedings being instituted to punish the offenders and to deter others from acting in a similar manner. The Police Court prosecution was successful, as a Japanese photographer was fined \$10 for publishing copies of the telegrams in his studio, and Messrs. Guelles & Co.'s delivery note was sentenced to 2 months' imprisonment with hard labour for obtaining money on false pretences by selling copies of the wires which he was not authorized to do.

PILOTS' ORDINANCES.

Correspondence was received dealing with the rules under which the Harbour Master would regulate the conduct of the pilots registered under the Ordinance, and the Secretary was directed to advise the Government of the Committee's approval of the rules submitted subject to a minor alteration.

COTTON CULTIVATION IN THE NEW TERRITORY.

The following reply to the communication from the Botanical and Afforestation Department brought before the last meeting was read:—

Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, Hongkong, 21st April, 1904.

Sir, I am directed to inform you that the Committee of this Chamber have read your letter of the 25th ultimo on the subject of Cotton Cultivation in the New Territory with much interest.

Hongkong having entered into the manufacture of Cotton Yarn the availability of a good supply of the raw material grown within the limits of the Colony is of great importance, and the Committee are anxious that all reasonable means should be taken to further the project.

It has therefore been suggested to the Government that Cotton seed or plants should be distributed among the Farmers in the New Territory and prizes offered for successful cultivation to stimulate interest in the experiment.

In this way it would be possible to prize at a small expense whether the theories advanced by you are likely to have a practical side.

Indian raw Cotton now costs locally 28 to 32 dollars and Chinese and Japanese 31 to 32 dollars per picul. An inferior Cotton to that grown in Shanghai district could be readily sold locally and the possibility of a large production at a reasonable cost in the New Territory and Kwangtung Province would undoubtedly lead to the greater prosperity of the local industry and a desirable extension of Cotton Manufacture in this Colony.

In conclusion I am to state that any efforts you may make with the above object in view will always have the warm support of my Committee, and they will be pleased to be kept informed of the experimental steps which doubtless will be taken to prove your contention.

I have honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, (Sd.) A. R. Lowe, Secretary.

S. T. Dunn, Esq., Superintendent, Botanical and Afforestation Department.

Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, Hongkong, 21st April, 1904.

Sir, I am directed to enclose for the information of His Excellency the Officer Administrator the Government copy of letter on the subject of Cotton growing in the New Territory from Mr. S. T. Dunn, the Superintendent of the Botanical and Afforestation Department, and my reply thereto.

It appears to my Committee that no reasonable means should be left undone to prove whether the growing of raw Cotton within the bounds of the Colony is practicable, or not, as in the event of successful production, the possibilities of extending the Cotton manufacturing industry of this Colony will be very great, and thus materially add to the wealth of the community, while a really safe elsewhere could be found for surplus yarn.

His Excellency is doubtless aware of the attempt by the Lancashire Manufacturers to further the cultivation of raw cotton on British soil in East Africa. This experiment will undoubtedly increase the value of the East African Colony, and by providing a British competitor, check the violent fluctuations in the cost of the raw material now caused by the bulk of the world's crop being in American hands.

If the proposed cultivation can be successfully prosecuted within the Colony's territory the local at-home will not only emulate what is now being done at home, but mills in Hongkong would have the additional advantage of finding the raw material practically at their own doors.

My Committee beg to suggest for His Excellency's consideration that a small vote should be provided in the next Budget to meet the expense of distributing Cotton seed, or the plants, to suitable Farmers, and prizes for the three best results obtained. The proving of the experiment would thus cost little money, and if successful results are obtained other Farmers will readily realize the advantage to be gained by turning their attention to the production of Cotton. I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, (Sd.) A. R. Lowe, Secretary.

Hon. A. M. Thomson, Acting Colonial Secretary.

LEWIS AND CLARK CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION AT PORTLAND (OREGON).

The following letter was read:—

Hongkong General Chamber of Commerce, Hongkong, 21st April, 1904.

Sir, I am instructed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter of the 20th ultimo and enclosures regarding the proposed Lewis and Clark Centennial Exposition at Portland (Oregon) in 1905.

The question whether the Government should take any steps with a view to this colony being officially represented at the exhibition has been discussed by my Committee and they desire me to inform you that in their opinion it is not necessary for the Government to go to any expense in the matter. The reasons which have guided the Committee to this decision are that

## KODAKS! KODAKS!! KODAKS!!!

AND PHOTO GOODS OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

We have an Establishment solely devoted to DEVELOPING AND PRINTING

for Amateurs, where we turn out work of the best description and with great promptness.

LONG, HING & CO.,

17A, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

(Few Doors East of Hongkong Hotel)

Hongkong, 10th March, 1904.

the manufacturers of Hongkong are inconsiderable and its natural products so limited that it would be difficult to form a separate court to adequately represent the trade of the Colony.

I am to suggest that it would be sufficient if the Registrar General represents to the Chinese manufacturers of silver ware, ivory ornaments, carved blackwood, etc., the advantages likely to be gained by sending exhibits. This I believe was the practice followed when the St. Louis Exhibition authorities approached the Government two years ago. I have the honour to be, Sir, Your obedient servant, (Sd.) A. R. Lowe, Secretary.

Hon. A. M. Thomson, Acting Colonial Secretary.

RUSSIAN RESTRICTIONS AT NEWCHANG.

Correspondence from the Government containing copies of telegrams received from the H. M. Consul at Newchwang relating to warms issued by the Russian authorities at that port for the guidance of shipping was laid on the table.

DATING OF NEW YORK TELEGRAMS.

The following reply to the representations made by the Chamber in February last was read:—

New York, 29th March, 1904.

Mr. A. R. Lowe, Secretary, Chamber of Commerce, Hongkong.

Dear Sir, Your valued favour of 23rd ultimo, addressed to the Secretary of the Chamber of Commerce of the State of New York, has been referred to this Committee.

In reply I would say that we have received a similar letter from the Chamber of Commerce of Shanghai and referred the complaint with regard to the dating of telegrams to the Commercial Pacific Cable Company. In reply the Commercial Pacific Cable Company informed us that they saw no valid reason for departing from their present custom and I regret, therefore, to state that our efforts in this direction have been unavailing. I am, my dear Sir, Yours very truly, (Sd.) GUSTAV H. SCHWAB, Chairman, Committee on Foreign Commerce and the Revenue Laws.

The CHAIRMAN said the attitude adopted by the Commercial Pacific Cable Company was to be regretted.

QUARANTINE RESTRICTIONS.

A letter was read dated from the Government notifying the fact of the port having been declared by the Government of Burma to be plague infected.

FISCAL REFORM.

A draft letter was read and approved in reply to a communication from the Government asking for the views of the Chamber on the question.

HEALTH OFFICERS OF THE PORT.

It was decided to address the Government again with the object of impressing on the Officer Administrator the Government the desirability of reforms being instituted in the department of the Health Officer of the Port.

CURRENCY QUESTION.

The CHAIRMAN said that at the recent general meeting the desirability of not letting this matter drop was referred to, and as nothing more had been heard from the Diplomatic Body at Peking beyond an expression of sympathy with the views of the Shanghai, Tientsin and Hongkong Chambers of Commerce, it was decided to enquire from the Shanghai Chamber whether their Committee was prepared to take any further steps with a view to urging on the Chinese Government the institution of a uniform national currency throughout the Empire.

KOWLOON-CANTON RAILWAY.

The CHAIRMAN said this question was dealt with at the annual meeting, and he proposed that representations should be made to the Government and Sir Ernest Satow on the lines indicated in his speech at the recent general meeting.

After some discussion this was agreed to.

## SHIPPING NOTES.

THE STANDING OF THE "QUANTA."

With regard to the grounding of the German steamer *Quanta*, which stranded in the Kurushima Channel near Inabarn recently, the *Kobe Chronicle* says the question has arisen as to who shall be held responsible for the damage, the Osaka Shosen Kaisha, the charterer of the steamer, or the owners. It is stated as a general principle of shipping law that the damage arising out of such an accident shall be borne by the owner, the shipper of cargo, and the charterer who receives freight in proportion of their respective interest in the vessel. The value of the *Quanta* is about 250,000 yen, and the cargo about 50,000 yen, while the freight receivable by the Osaka Shosen Kaisha is not more than 5,000 yen. Estimating the damage caused by the accident at 10,000, the loss to the Osaka Kaishi will be only about 400 yen. The owner of the steamer will thus bear the greatest loss.

WEATHER.

The E. and A. S. *Eastern* from Kobe reports fine weather.

The P. & O. s.s. *Baltham* and the s.s. *Dioned* arrived from Singapore report fine weather. The s.s. *Glenfallach* from Singapore reports moderate monsoon winds.



## NOTICE.

Communications respecting Advertisements, Subscriptions, Printing, Binding, &c., should be addressed to the Manager, Daily Press only, and special business matters to the Manager.

Advertisements and Subscriptions which are not ordered for a fixed period will be continued until countermanded.

Orders for extra copies of Daily Press should be sent in before 11 a.m. on day of publication. After that hour the supply is limited. Only supplied for Cash.

Telegraphic Address: Press, Codes: A.B.C., 5th Ed. Lieber's.

P.O. Box, 33. Telephone No. 12.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## TO LET.

3RD FLOOR, suitable for Office.

Apply to—

WING CHEONG.

35, Queen's Road Central.

Hongkong, 3rd June, 1904. [1409]

## WANTED.

By a Gentleman, LESSONS in GERMAN, one hour a day, 7 to 8 A.M. State terms.

Apply to—

B.

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 3rd June, 1904. [1411]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions from Messrs. A. S. WATSON & CO., Ltd., to Sell by Public Auction,

## THURSDAY,

the 9th JUNE, 1904, at 11 A.M., at No. 35, Queen's Road Central,

SUNDRY HOUSEHOLD AND OFFICE FURNITURE;

ONE FULL-SIZED ENGLISH BILLIARD TABLE with ACCESSORIES, by Burroughes & Watts, London;

And A Quantity of OLD ENGRAVINGS.

TERMS:—As usual.

## HUGHES &amp; HOUGH,

Auctioneers.

Hongkong, 3rd June, 1904. [1411]

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED,

AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer

"DIOMED,"

are hereby notified that the Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where in both cases it will be at Consignees' risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on and after the 4th instant.

Optical cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival. All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined at 11 A.M., on the 9th inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown, and all Goods remaining undelivered after the 9th inst., will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the undersigned on or before the 12th inst., or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 2nd June, 1904. [10-11]

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

## THE P. &amp; O. S. N. Co.'s Steamer

## "BALAARAT" FROM BOMBAY, COLOMBO AND STRAITS.

Consignees of Cargo by the above-named vessel are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godowns at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark, and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

This Vessel brings on Cargo:—

From London, &c., ex s.s. Macedonia and Palma.

From Calcutta, ex s.s. Sundra.

From Persian Gulf, ex s.s. B. I. S. N.

And B. & P. S. N. Co.'s steamers.

Optional Goods will be landed here unless instructions are given to the contrary before 5 P.M. To-day, the 2nd inst.

Goods not cleared by the 9th inst., at 4 P.M., will be subject to rent.

Unpacked packages must be left in the Godowns for examination by the Consignees and the Company's representative at an appointed hour. All Claims must be presented within ten days of the steamer's arrival here, after which date they cannot be recognised. No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns.

E. A. BEWETT, Superintendent.

Hongkong, 2nd June, 1904. [1]

THE HONGKONG WEEKLY PRESS and CHINA OVERLAND TRADER REPORT will be ready to-morrow, and will contain:—

Leading Articles:—

China's Future Needs.

A Scare at Macao.

Japanese Occupation of Dalny.

Hongkong Jo tings.

The Week's War News.

Supreme Court.

Granville Sharp Will Case.

Sanitary Board Meeting.

Sanitary Surveyor's Report.

## NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

## DOUGLAS STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED.

## FOR SWATOW, AMOY AND FOCHOW.

## THE Company's Steamship

## "THALES,"

Captain Robson, will be despatched for the above ports on SUNDAY, the 5th inst., at DAYLIGHT.

For Freight or Passage, apply to DOUGLAS LAURIAK & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 2nd June, 1904. [1408]

FOR KOBE (Direct).

THE Steamship

## "MACQUARIE,"

Captain St. John George, will be despatched as above on or about the 6th inst.

Steamer fitted throughout with Electric Light and has First-Class Cabin Accommodation and midships.

For Freight or Passage, apply to GIBB, LIVINGSTON & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 3rd June, 1904. [1412]

## INTIMATIONS

## THE PEAK CHURCH.

THE ANNUAL MEETING of Worshipers at the Peak Church will be held in ST. PAUL'S COLLEGE on TUESDAY, JUNE 7th, at 5.30 P.M. Business:—

1. To Pass the Accounts.

2. To Adopt the Report.

3. To Elect a Committee.

F. T. JOHNSON, Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904. [1401]

WANTED.

BOARD and RESIDENCE by European Man with Private European Family, by month. State Terms and Location.

Apply to—

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 2nd June, 1904. [1399]

WANTED.

PARTNER for an Old Established Civil and Mining Engineer, Architect and Surveyor business in Manila, P.I.

Apply to—

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904. [1384]

WANTED.

VACANCY in a Large Company is open to a man who can give good references and proper bond.

Apply to—

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904. [1385]

WANTED.

By an English Speaking Chinese Gentleman, a Situation as PRIVATE SECRETARY and INTERPRETER to English or American Tourists travelling in China or elsewhere.

Moderate salary. Best references.

Apply to—

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 16th May, 1904. [1350]

WANTED.

BOARD and RESIDENCE suitable for Young Gentlemen on higher levels. Terms moderate.

Apply to—

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 31st May, 1904. [1373]

WANTED.

A. LING & CO., FURNITURE STORE.

PLATED, GLASS AND CROCKERY WARE, &c., &c., and FOCHOW LACQUERED WARE.

68, QUEEN'S ROAD CENTRAL.

Hongkong, 21st September, 1903. [13]

INDO-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LTD.

APPLICATION has been made to the General Managers of this Company to issue to RUSSO-CHINESE BANK of Hongkong duplicate certificates of 200 shares in the above Company or other certificates in lieu thereof upon the Statement that the original certificates, viz.

No. 69 for 25 shares

No. 379 " 50 "

No. 380 " 50 "

No. 559 " 25 "

No. 873 " 50 "

200 shares

have been lost or stolen.

It is not known if such certificates were issued by the office of the Company in the Colony of Hongkong or by the office in London, and consequently the numbers of the shares cannot be given.

Notice is hereby given that if within 30 days from the date hereof no claim or representation in respect of such original certificates is made to the General Managers they will then proceed to deal with such application for a duplicate.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904. [1408]

NOTICES OF REMOVAL

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

THE REGISTERED OFFICE of the above Company has This Day been REMOVED to ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, DES VOUX ROAD, 2ND FLOOR.

A. H. MANCCELL, Secretary.

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1904. [1317]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

THE OFFICES of the undersigned have This Day been REMOVED from No. 30, Queen's Road Central to ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS.

EWENS & HARSTON, Solicitors.

Hongkong, 30th May, 1904. [1363]

NOTICE OF REMOVAL.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN of the REMOVAL of the store-doing business under the Firm style name of CHUNG CHONG & CO., from Kua Wa Ma Street, Ho Nam, to 100 CHAU STREET, SI YOK.

This Firm consists of four (4) partners only, whose names are subscribed to this notice. No other person or persons are authorised to transact business in the interests of this firm.

CHUNG CHONG & CO.

LA SUN CHAN.

LEE HANG FONG.

LEONG SOO MING.

QUAN KIN GEE.

Hongkong, 31st May, 1904. [137]

## AUCTIONS

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction,

TO-DAY (FRIDAY), the 3rd JUNE, 1904, at 2.30 P.M., at his Sales Rooms, Duddell Street,

A COLLECTION OF JAPANESE CURIOS, comprising:—

DAMASCENE, CLOISONNE and SATSUMA VASES, BOXES and BOWLS, KANGA and KUTAIN PORCELAIN WARE, SILK EMBROIDERED SCREENS, T. A. SPES, &c., &c.

On View from Thursday, the 2nd June. Catalogues will be issued.

TERMS:—Cash on delivery.

LEO P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 30th May, 1904. [1386]

## PUBLIC AUCTION.

THE Undersigned has received instructions to Sell by Public Auction, on

MONDAY, the 6th JUNE, 1904, commencing at 2.45 P.M., at No. 27, CONDUIT ROAD,

A QUANTITY OF VALUABLE HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE.

(Particulars can be seen from Catalogue).

TERMS:—Cash on delivery.

On View from Saturday, the 4th June, 1904.

GEOR. P. LAMMERT, Auctioneer.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904. [1380]

THE WORKS are well equipped with the latest IMPROVEMENTS and can execute any kind of work in SHIPBUILDING and MAKING OF SHIPS.

THE COMPANY has a SALVAGE STEAMER, 712-TONS GROSS, FITTED WITH POWERFUL SALVAGE PLANT, READY AT SHORT NOTICE.

1370

INSURANCES

THE WESTERN ASSURANCE COMPANY OF TORONTO AND LONDON.

INCORPORATED A.D. 1851.

MARINE BRANCH.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above are prepared to accept risks at current rates.

ALEX. ROSS & CO.

Hongkong, 28th April, 1904. [1121]

THE BOMBAY FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

FIRE BRANCH.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to accept RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

HOLLAND-CHINA TRADING CO.

Hongkong, 26th November, 1903. [12160]

UNION OF PARIS FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to accept Risks against FIRE at current rates.

SIEMSEN & CO.

Hongkong, 1st January, 1904. [101]

AACHEN AND MUNICH FIRE INSURANCE CO. OF AIX-LE-CHAPPEL.

THE Undersigned, having been appointed AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

REUTER, BRÜCKELMANN & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 21st April, 1897. [199]

PHOENIX FIRE OFFICE.

THE Undersigned are now prepared to GRANT POLICIES of INSURANCE against FIRE at Current Rates.

DOUGLAS LAURIAK & CO., Agents for the Phoenix Fire Office.

Hongkong, 17th August, 1897. [29]

NORTHERN ASSURANCE CO.

FIRE and LIFE.

ESTABLISHED 1836.

THE Undersigned are prepared to accept First Class Foreign and Chinese RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

Also to accept proposals for LIFE ASSURANCE. Prospectuses on application.

TURNER & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 23rd September, 1903. [267]

NORTH BRITISH AND MERCHANT INSURANCE COMPANY.

TOTAL FUNDS at 31st DECEMBER, 1902, £16,378,771.

I. AUTHORIZED CAPITAL, £3,000,000 0 0

SUBSCRIBED CAPITAL, 2,750,000 0 0

PAID-UP CAPITAL, 587,500 0 0

II. FIRE FUNDS, 2,967,215 11 10

The Undersigned AGENTS for the above Company, are prepared to ACCEPT RISKS against FIRE at Current Rates.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 19th June, 1903. [1688]

## PUBLIC COMPANIES

## THE CHINA LIGHT &amp; POWER COMPANY, LIMITED.

THE THIRD ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held in the COMPANY'S OFFICES, No. 14, DES VOUX ROAD, VICTORIA, on THURSDAY, 9th JUNE, 1904, at 11.30 A.M., for the purpose of receiving Statement of Account, and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 29th February, 1904, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

THE TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 6th, to THURSDAY, 9th JUNE, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., General Managers.

Hongkong, 30th May, 1904. [1377]

A. S. WATSON & CO., LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the Company will be held at the OFFICE of the COMPANY in ALEXANDRA BUILDINGS, on WEDNESDAY, the 15th of JUNE, 1904, at 11 A.M., when the proposed resolution which was passed at an Extraordinary General Meeting of the Company held on the 31st of May, 1904, will be submitted for confirmation as a Special Resolution.

RESOLUTION.

That the Capital of the Company be increased to Nine Hundred Thousand Dollars by the creation of Thirty Thousand New Shares of Ten Dollars each.

By Order, A. H. MANCCELL, Secretary.

Hongkong, 31st May, 1904. [1388]

LOST.

ONE OFFICIAL SHIP'S REGISTER of the American Schooner "U. S. LEEDS." Finder please return same to the Office of the Daily Press and receive reward.

Manila, P.I., 23rd May, 1904. [1357]

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

THE NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA are prepared, during suspension of their Trans-Pacific Service and until further notice, to book cargo and issue Bills of Lading to SEATTLE, WASH., VICTORIA, B.C., and PACIFIC COAST PORTS, also to OVERLAND POINTS in the UNITED STATES and CANADA in connection with the GREAT NORTHERN RAILWAY from SEATTLE, as hitherto, by the steamers of the NORTHERN PACIFIC S.S. CO., BOSTON STEAMSHIP and TOWNEAT & SONS, OCEAN S.S. CO., and CHINA MUTUAL S.S. CO.

For Further Particulars, apply at the Company's Local Branch Office in Prince's Building, First Floor, Chater Road.

A. S. MIHARA, Manager.

Hongkong, 20th May, 1904. [1299]

NOTICE TO KOWLOON RESIDENTS

EXTRA COPIES of Daily Press are on sale daily at Mr. H. BUTTON'S KOWLOON STORE, No. 36, Elgin Road. Price 15 cents per copy cash.

Hongkong, 22nd December, 1902. [1300]

FOR SALE.

HOUSE BOAT, 42 feet long; Copper bottom; now lying off Ah King's slip-way. Offers may be sent to—

V.

Care of Daily Press Office.

Hongkong, 22nd March, 1904. [800]

FOR SALE.

TEAKWOOD STEAM LAUNCH in Good Working Order and condition. Length 36 feet. Breadth 7 feet. Depth 3 feet 6 inches. Engines, Compound Outboard Condensing. Price \$3



## SUPREME COURT.

Thursday, 2nd June.

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.

THE HON. MR. JUSTICE SIR WILLIAM M. GORDON (CHIEF JUSTICE).

## THE GRANVILLE SHARP WILL CASE.

This was a case between Edmund Hamilton Sharp, James Buchanan, Herbert Sharp, Robert Buchanan and Ellen Lydia Bonham, his wife, John Nugent Wells and Harriet Elizabeth Wells, his wife (plaintiffs), the Attorney General of the Colony of Hongkong, the Right Reverend Joseph Charles Moore, D.D., the Reverend Frederick Trench Johnson, M.A., and the Reverend Charles Herbert Hickling (defendants).

His Lordship in the course of his judgment said: "This was an originating summons taken out by the above named plaintiffs against the above named defendants. The defendants excepted the Attorney General, were together with the plaintiff Edmund Hamilton Sharp appointed by the will and codicil of Granville Sharp, deceased, the committee and trustees of a hospital referred to by him in such will and codicil, and the summons was taken out for the determination of certain questions mentioned therein. The questions are:—

1. That an enquiry may be made as to the nature, scope and size of the hospital directed by the said will and codicil to be erected and maintained in Hongkong, and that if necessary a scheme may be settled with respect thereto.

2. That an enquiry may be made as to the amount required for the erection of the said hospital, according to the true construction of the said will and codicil, or the scheme to be settled as aforesaid, and in what manner the moneys for that purpose should be provided out of the testator's estate.

3. That the question may be determined whether or not, according to the true construction of the said will and codicil, an endowment fund ought to be provided for the said hospital, and if so, of what amount, and that directions may be given as to the manner in which the same should be provided out of the testator's estate and how the same should be invested and dealt with.

4. And if the purposes aforesaid do, then that the testator's residuary estate, then that it may be determined whether the unexhausted portion of the residue is applicable to charitable purposes generally, and if so, of what nature and in what locality, and that if necessary a scheme may be settled for effecting such general charitable purposes.

5. And if the Court shall determine that such unexhausted portion is not applicable to general charitable purposes, then that the question may be determined whether such unexhausted portion belongs to the next of kin of the testator according to the statutes for the distribution of the estates of intestates, and in what shares and to whom and for what interests, such unexhausted portion belongs.

6. And if the last foregoing question should be determined in the affirmative, then that an enquiry may be made who were the next of kin (according to the said statutes for the distribution of intestates' estates) of the said testator living at the time of his death, and whether any of them are since dead, and if so, who are their respective legal personal representatives.

7. That directions may be given to the plaintiffs Edmund Hamilton Sharp and James Buchanan as executors and trustees of the said will and codicil as to whether they should retain or realise the leasehold estate of the said testator or any part thereof.

8. That the cost of and incidental to this application and the consequent enquiries thereunder may be provided for.

The defendant, the Attorney General of Hongkong, was represented by the Crown: the defendants, the Right Rev. Joseph Charles Moore, the Rev. Frederick Trench Johnson and the Rev. Charles Herbert Hickling were each represented by counsel for the time being, the respective offices of Bishop of the Diocese, Colonial Chaplain, and Minister of the Union Church, and as therefore forming with the plaintiffs, Edmund Hamilton Sharp and James Buchanan, the committee of the hospital, the said will and codicil of the said testator, and in what shares and to whom and for what interests, such unexhausted portion belongs.

6. And if the last foregoing question should be determined in the affirmative, then that an enquiry may be made who were the next of kin (according to the said statutes for the distribution of intestates' estates) of the said testator living at the time of his death, and whether any of them are since dead, and if so, who are their respective legal personal representatives.

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The defendant, the Attorney General of Hongkong, was represented by the Crown: the defendants, the Right Rev. Joseph Charles Moore, the Rev. Frederick Trench Johnson and the Rev. Charles Herbert Hickling were each represented by counsel for the time being, the respective offices of Bishop of the Diocese, Colonial Chaplain, and Minister of the Union Church, and as therefore forming with the plaintiffs, Edmund Hamilton Sharp and James Buchanan, the committee of the hospital, the said will and codicil of the said testator, and in what shares and to whom and for what interests, such unexhausted portion belongs.

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"a position of more retirement and perhaps equal usefulness can be found further to the south of or on Mount Kellett."

It may be well to set out the passages in the will and codicil relating to this matter *verbatim*. The extract from the will is as follows:—"I give and bequeath the residue of my estate, subject to the operation and effect of any codicils, which may be hereunto hereafter added, and as when the estate can be best realised to advantage, in trust for the purpose of the erection and maintenance upon the 'Homestead' Lot, where we so long resided, (Rural Building Lot No. 76) at Mount Kellett Ridge, Hongkong, of a hospital to the glory of God, and the good of men; in loving memory of my sainted wife Matilda Lincoln, the same to be called 'Matilda Lincoln Hospital.' It is intended that special instructions, as to the erection, maintenance, and government of the hospital be added at the end of this will, indeed the testator hopes himself to take some part in its preparation."

It seems, however, that the only instructions given are those mentioned in the codicil and contained in the following extract therefrom:—"With regard to the site named for the Peak Hospital, I have since become much dissatisfied therewith, and I think that a position of more retirement and perhaps equal usefulness, can be found further to the south of, or on Mount Kellett. I wish the hospital to be quite self-supporting, and that my executors, including my brother, should be members of the committee, as also the Bishop of the Diocese, the Colonial Chaplain and the minister of the Union Church and their successors in office for all time in their said qualities. I wish that monthly meetings of the committee shall be held. I desire that the hospital shall in all things be considered to be established as an absolutely religious and evangelistic institution. That religious services be held twice daily and that every effort be made to direct the minds of the patients to the Gospel. So far as possible, I wish that services rendered to the hospital should—like its foundation—be wholly gratuitous, and without reward, possibly by a rotation of officers—that no religious services should be paid for and that the Institution be for the glory of God and the good of man and not for the glory of the medical profession in any way. That it be for the benefit, care and happiness of patients primarily who are helpless and not for that of the profession, nurses or subordinate officers who may be employed for salaries or wages, and emphatically that the hospital be for the poor, the helpless, the forsaken and for him who is alone and desolate. I desire that the office of superintending surgeon be in the hands of the committee and that the committee shall be and I hereby constitute them trustees. I wish that different classes be provided for and that the hospital be reserved for British, American and European patients, with some very limited discretion for the directors, but excluding Chinese, Portuguese and Japanese, who are well able to make arrangements for hospital accommodation on the hills if they see fit, and for whom this hospital would be far too limited. I wish the nursing sisters to be wholly British and that they should be encouraged by suitable reward, in the discretion of the committee, to obtain degrees therefor upon chemical principles. I wish that the building be erected on such a scale only that it may be able to sustain itself and that the sisters may be able, as a reward for diligence and in the committee's discretion, to have one year's holiday in every five years, or still better two holidays of six months each in every five years, on full pay in each case. I hope that it may be found absolutely necessary at any time during the continuance of this fund to appeal to the public in any way for funds for its maintenance, as there are already in Hongkong far too many of such. If any one desires either to endow the hospital with funds under the previous existing conditions or to leave legacies for its use, these should be thankfully accepted as increasing the means of its usefulness, but no advertisement or public announcement, by printing or in any other way, should at any time be made, except so far as being recorded in the minutes and proceedings of the hospital. The only announcement should be thus, engraved in plain black, upon a white marble stone, at the entrance: 'To the glory of God and for the good of man and in most loving memory of Matilda Lincoln, who died full of love for every one, on the 22nd August of the latter year.' I wish that, in the carrying on of this hospital, the least possible use may be made of drugs, but that all sanitary and other precautions may be taken and that upon these and the healing processes of nature by God's assistance, the greatest reliance may be placed. I wish my friends, Messrs. Denison and Ram, architects of Hongkong, to be employed by my executors, if they see fit, at the removal of the site of the hospital from the site now occupied by the Homestead has been determined upon mainly in the interest of the owners of the 'Mount' opposite, I trust that they will request Messrs. Palmer and Turner, their architects, to allow Denison and Ram an inspection, especially of the basement of their own new building, which I much admire, with a view to the approximation of my basement therewith."

The value of the estate was proved as under one million and thirty thousand dollars. The property consisted, chiefly, of leaseholds in this Colony, which were valued, for Probate purposes, by Messrs. Denison and Ram on 30th November, 1899, at \$1,053,250.00; the difference between that amount and the amount on which Probate duty was paid being made up by some additions for other personal property and certain deductions for debts due from the estate at the time of the testator's death. The testator had no wish to have his estate sold and wound up with undue haste. He knew as well as any one that, in Hongkong, land varies greatly in value from time to time, and that to place a large number of leaseholds on the market for sale at one and the same time, might have an adverse influence on the prices obtainable. He, however, wished suitable opportunities to be taken to dispose of the properties so as to close the estate. After mentioning his executors "against any hasty attempt to realise the property for which a fitting time must be carefully selected," he says, later in his will (dated, as before stated, 7th June, 1896):—"I hereby sanction and approve the appropriation for five years by the executor who shall be resident in Hongkong and conduct the management of my estate, of the sum of \$1,000 per annum as a remuneration and two hundred dollars per annum for expenses of locomotion. Should the estate not be wound up during this period I sanction and approve the appropriation for two years further of one thousand dollars per annum, and for yet another three years of seven hundred and fifty dollars per annum; the object being kept in view to avoid opportunities for other personal property and to dispose of the property and close the estate. If my life is spared, I may be able to do something towards this end, but there appears at present to be nothing in view but development."

I mention these directions of the testator, because it appears that, since his death, the leaseholds have appreciated in value in a remarkable manner. According to a valuation made by Messrs. Linstead and Davis and Messrs. Denison and Ram, conjointly in January, 1901, the value of the leasehold property was \$1,969,512 and, taking into account other sums, it has been estimated that on 14th March, 1901, the total value of the estate was \$2,219,177. The debts, general, and testamentary expenses and most of the legacies have been paid. Provision has been made, I understand, for the deferred legacies and the annuities, and it is contended on behalf of the next of kin that the clear residue is far in excess of the amount reasonably required to erect and maintain the hospital contemplated by the testator.

With regard to that hospital, it seems that on 30th March, 1901, Rural Building Lot No. 16, on Mount Kellett, in the Peak District of this Colony, was purchased as a site for its erection at a cost of \$70,000, which sum has been paid out of the estate. The erection is being proceeded with, in accordance with plans and a specification prepared by Messrs. Palmer and Turner, architects and surveyors of this Colony, and under their supervision. The contract for completion, including residences for the House Surgeon and Nurses, Mortuary, and all necessary buildings and out-houses and servants and cooling quarters, as per plans, amounts to \$250,000.

When to these amounts of \$70,000 and \$250,000 is added all other expenditure for proper equipment, furnishing, fitting, surgical instruments, necessities for the dispensary, and other requisites, it is estimated, according to the plan of the testator, that the total cost will amount to \$490,000, leaving only further provision to be made for maintenance. According to the estimates mentioned in the affidavit of Mr. Edmund Hamilton Sharp the at present sole executor (and brother) of the testator, the cost of such maintenance of a hospital depends in a great degree upon its size. In the present case, it is being erected on a scale to accommodate thirty beds which, I am informed, is the estimated maximum which could, in the opinion of the original, as well as of the present, trustees, be required for the Colony for a hospital of such a nature as that intended by the testator. The present Trustees include the Bishop of Victoria, the Chaplain of St. John's Cathedral Church (whom I have no doubt the testator meant when he spoke of the Colonial Chaplain, a post no longer in existence at the date of the will), and the minister of the Union Church; and they state that, in their opinion, "a hospital containing thirty beds for the reception of patients would be sufficient to carry into effect the charitable intentions of the testator, and that under ordinary circumstances, many of the said beds would be occupied by patients coming within the class intended to be benefited by the testator."

In the 21st paragraph of the affidavit of Mr. Edmund Hamilton Sharp, he states that it is estimated that the hospital will be completed and ready for the reception of patients on or about the 1st August, 1903 provided no unforeseen delays occur in the meantime. According to the estimated value of the estate by that time, there will be apparently a very large surplus after making ample provision for all cost of erecting and maintaining the hospital now being erected at Mount Kellett. The next of kin contend that there is a resulting trust for them of such surplus, unless the Court be satisfied that the testator intended that the surplus should be applied to charitable purposes in accordance with the doctrine of *cy-près*.

The position of the Attorney-General in cases of this kind, as law officer of the Crown, is thus stated by Lord Macnaghten, in the recent case of *Wallis v. The Solicitor-General of New Zealand* (1903), Appeal Cases, p. 181 and 182:—"It is the province of the Crown as *paterfamilias* to enforce the execution of charitable trusts, and it has always been recognised as the duty of the law officers of the Crown to intervene for the purpose of protecting charities and affording advice and assistance to the Court in the administration of charitable trusts."

It was for this reason that the Attorney-General was very properly made a party to these proceedings. I was specially asked by the parties to express my opinion on the following point of law, viz.:—"Assuming that, at the date of the testator's death, his residuary estate bequeathed by his will and codicil was more than sufficient to provide for the erection and maintenance of the hospital therein mentioned, ought the surplus to be devoted to charity and *cy-près* doctrine to be applied, or would there be a resulting trust for the next of kin as regards such surplus?"

Of course, until proper enquiry has been made, I am not in a position to say whether the residue is sufficient for the present and future needs of the hospital, having regard to the progressive character of this Colony and to the great increase of population which has taken place within the last five and twenty years and which seems likely to continue. At the date of the testator's death a dollar was, I find, worth a trifle under two shillings, and when his will was proved, his entire estate was sworn at what was equivalent to about one hundred thousand pounds sterling, speaking roughly.

This is the first time I have heard of a hospital having too much money; one is more familiar with a different complaint. But assuming for the purposes of the legal question which the parties asked me to decide, that the residue is more than sufficient for the erection and maintenance of the particular hospital specified by the testator conducted as nearly as is practicable upon the lines indicated by him, I will proceed to consider whether the next of kin would be entitled to the surplus or whether it must be devoted to charitable purposes in accordance with the *cy-près* doctrine, that is to say, in accordance with the principle of applying property as nearly as possible according to the donor's intentions when these intentions cannot be exactly carried out, with regard to the whole of such property. The law of this Colony in such matters is practically the same as that of England. But we have here no Board of Charity Commissioners to assist us, and we have no Statutes of Mortmain, which are referred to in so many of the English cases, and which in England prevented leasehold property (*inter alia*) from being validly bequeathed for charitable purposes. In Hongkong, it is quite competent for a testator to bequeath his leaseholds for such purposes, and he can, also, as in England, if he chooses, leave nothing, or as little as he pleases, to his next of kin, and bequeath the whole or any part of his estate to charity, leaving his nearest relatives without a penny. By English law, unlike that of some other countries, apart from special

contract, a man can, by will, bequeath his whole real and personal estate to strangers even though he should leave a wife and children. In the present case the testator was a widower and had no children. I merely mention this because, however natural it may be to sympathise with those next of kin who might, not unreasonably, have hoped to receive larger benefits under the direct testamentary dispositions of the deceased, no such considerations can have any weight with the Court in deciding the law in the present case. That must be decided upon such authorities as are available.

There have been a great number of cases decided in the English Courts extending back many years, but almost all of these are not very unlike the present case. I am not aware of any one exactly similar to it in every respect. It is, however, natural to suppose that much depends on the precise wording of the particular instrument under which the charitable trust arises, and this wording differs in different wills. One must endeavour to arrive at the right principle to apply in each particular case. It was, for instance, established in the case of *The Bedford School*, (reported 8 Coker's Reports, p. 130) so long ago as 1601, that where land, at the time of the will of the value of £35 a year, had been devised to certain persons for certain charitable purposes, the objects of the charity took the benefit of the surplus where the rent rose to £100 a year. In that case the testator had allotted so much for the maintenance of a preacher four days in the year and of a master and usher of a free Grammar School and of certain poor people, and had specified a certain sum for each, amounting in all to £35 per annum. But when, later on, the value of the property rose, it was held that the amounts specified should be increased and that the trustees took no part of the increase to their own use.

From that time to the present day, there has been a long series of cases which have established by degrees certain general principles. One of these principles seems to be that where a testator has devoted property to some charitable purpose, but owing to some impediment, either of law, or of the absence of consent of some person or persons, or the default of some expected set of circumstances, the Court must decide whether the testator had only a particular intention or whether, beyond that, there was a general intention of charity. In the latter case, the failure of the particular intention has let in the general intention, and the Court has applied the fund *cy-près*.

After quoting some cases illustrating this principle His Lordship proceeded to say:—"Turning now to the will and codicil of Mr. Granville Sharp, it is clear that he gave the whole of the residue of his estate in trust for the purpose of the erection and maintenance of a hospital to the glory of God, and the good of men in loving memory of his wife. His codicil states that he wishes it to be for the benefit, care, and happiness of patients primarily who are helpless, and he adds that it is emphatically 'to be for the poor, the helpless, the forsaken, and for him who is alone and desolate.' He also adds that he wished 'the hospital to be reserved for British, American and European patients only.' Now, to adopt a method of reasoning similar to that of Mr. Justice Kay in the *Shoreditch case*, the objects of charity and the objects of the testator's intention, as expressed in his will and codicil, the persons intended to be benefited are those for whose use and benefit the hospital was designed. Who are they? Certainly, primarily, the poor, the helpless, the forsaken, and those who are alone and desolate among the British, American, and European sick in Hongkong;—therefore an intention to benefit that class of persons by providing them with a hospital may be treated as the paramount intention of the testator. But, assuming that when this has been done, there should be a surplus over, surely when we see a benevolent intention of benefiting a certain class or number of people who come within the ordinary definition of objects of charity and that the ordinary definition of the testator contemplated of doing this, does not exhaust all the funds he gave to trustees for his charitable purpose, ought not the Court to say the 'paramount intention' was charity, that the money was earmarked, so to speak, as charity money for the poor, helpless, and desolate sick in Hongkong, of the nationalities mentioned? Is it not then the duty of the Court, favouring charity as the Court always does, to provide another mode, on the *cy-près* principle, of applying such surplus for the benefit of the objects of the testator's benevolence? For instance, as the testator, in his codicil, said he wished that 'in carrying on the hospital the least possible use might be made of drugs,' and expressed his faith in the healing processes of nature, a convalescent home in connection with the hospital might be suggested where patients might, in the Peak air, gain a more complete restoration to health. I take the first instance that occurs to me; but assuming there should prove to be a surplus after due provision for the hospital is made, and assuming that such surplus must be used for charitable purposes in accordance with the *cy-près* doctrine, there would, no doubt, have to be an enquiry as to the best method of dealing with the surplus."

It was, however, urged for the next of kin that the testator manifested no general intention in favour of charity but simply an intention to erect and maintain a particular charitable institution, of a particular class, for a particular purpose, and for particular persons; and that there was nothing in the will or codicil to indicate any general intention of charity. I am, however, of opinion that reasoning in the way Mr. Justice Kay and the Lords Justices reasoned in *Biscoe and Jackson (The Shoreditch case)* the general paramount intention of the testator was to benefit the poor, desolate people I have mentioned, although he specified the particular way in which he wished it done. In the course of his judgment, in the case of *Mayor of Lyons v. Advertiser-General of Bengal*, decided by the Judicial Committee of the Privy Council, in 1876, Lord Macnaghten, speaking of the *cy-près* doctrine as applied to charitable bequests, says at p. 113:—"The principle on which the Court treats charity in the abstract as the substance of the gift and the particular disposition as the mode, so that, in the eye of the Court, the gift, notwithstanding the particular disposition may not be capable of execution, subsists, as a legacy which never fails and cannot lapse. This seems to be the effect of the decision on the following passage in his judgment in *Mills v. Farmer*. 'With regard to charity, therefore, without going through all the cases which I examined with great diligence in *McGrigg v. Thae*, well, a case that, bound by precedent, I decided as much against my inclination as any act of my judicial life. I consider it now established that although the mode in which a legacy is to be taken effect is in many cases with regard to the substance of the legacy, where a legacy is given so as to denote that charity is the legatee, the Court does not hold that the mode is of the legacy, but will effectuate the gift to charity as the substance, providing a mode for that legatee to take which is not provided for by 'other legatee.' This passage is reported in somewhat different language, but substantially to the same effect, in *Mer. 29*. Now Mr.

Granville Sharp gave all the residue of his estate, in trust for a charitable purpose. Charity was his residuary legatee and, according to the established doctrine, if all the money left to the testator was not exhausted in carrying out the particular mode in which he desired his charitable intention carried out, the Court must effectuate the substantial intention of charity by providing some mode for the application of the surplus upon the principle of *cy-près*.

His Lordship after dealing with cases quoted by counsel went on to say:—"I have, now, I think, called attention to all or nearly all the cases cited in argument before me. Some of them are not perhaps very much in point, but as they were mentioned during the discussion of the case in chambers, I have deemed it my duty to consider them, and I am of opinion that, in the result, I must hold that, 'assuming that, at the date of the testator's death, his residuary estate bequeathed by his will and codicil was more than sufficient to provide for the erection and maintenance of the hospital therein mentioned, the surplus must be devoted to charity and the *cy-près* doctrine be applied, and that there is no resulting trust for the next of kin as regards such surplus. My decision is, therefore, as follows:—

Declare that in designating the Colonial Chaplain as one of the committee and one of the trustees of the hospital mentioned in his will and codicil, the testator intended to designate the Chaplain of St. John's Cathedral Church in this Colony.

Declare that the residuary bequest in the will and codicil is a good charitable bequest and that the executors and trustees of the will should erect and provide for the maintenance of a hospital at the Peak in accordance with the directions contained in the said will and codicil, and that if due provision for the erection and maintenance of such hospital should not exhaust the whole of the residuary estate, the unexhausted portion or surplus should be applied to charitable purposes according to a scheme for the regulation and management of such surplus trust property to be settled by the Court, having regard to the directions contained

in the will and codicil and the whole circumstances of the case.

Order that an enquiry be made by the Registrar, as to the nature, scope, size and cost of the hospital directed by the said will and codicil to be erected and maintained, and as to the endowment required for such maintenance, with a view to the future expansion (if necessary) of such hospital, and that a scheme for the erection, endowment and management of such hospital be prepared by the executors and trustees of the will and settled by the Registrar, subject to the approval of the Court.

Order that the costs of all parties be taxed, as between solicitor and client, and be paid out of the residuary estate.

I may add that, before the decree is finally drawn up, I shall be glad if any of the parties would forward to me in writing any suggestions they have to make with regard to any improvement in its form if I have omitted anything they desire added which does not affect its substance. Although I have delivered a very long judgment I have done this advisedly, because these authorities are not very easy of access, and I have read them very carefully; and if there should be an appeal, it would be a convenience to have everything in black and white and all the facts stated in nutshell.

Mr. Shide asked that the costs be taxed on the basis of an ordinary hearing in Court.

His Lordship declined to do this, however, as the case had been heard in chambers. He had only delivered judgment in open Court because the matter was one of much public importance.

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Liver, and kidneys to do their work perfectly by taking Mother Seigel's Syrup, which contains food-digesting ferments and gentle tonics for the stomach, and has cured more dyspepsies than any other medicine in the world.

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"I suffered terribly from indigestion," writes Mr. George Collier, of 55, Baronia Street, Redfern, Sydney, N.S.W., on Oct. 11th, 1903. "Whatever I ate seemed to stick in my throat and caused frightful pains in my chest. Now, thanks to Mother Seigel's Syrup, I am never troubled with indigestion, pains, loss of sleep, or any other ailment and am as well as ever before in my life."

FOR  
Indigestion.

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ALSO IN  
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Hongkong, 2nd June, 1904. [1341]

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GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"STENFOR"	On 13th June.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"KINTUCK"	On 17th June.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"KEEMUN"	On 25th June.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"MOYUN"	On 1st July.
GLASGOW and LIVERPOOL	"DARDANUS"	On 14th July.

## HOMEWARDS.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
LONDON and ANTWERP.	"DEUCALION"	On 7th June.
GENOA, MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL	"TEENKAI"	On 15th June.
LONDON and ANTWERP.	"AGAMEMNON"	On 21st June.
LONDON and ANTWERP.	"YANGTSE"	On 3th July.
LONDON and ANTWERP.	"KINTUCK"	On 19th July.
GENOA, MARSEILLES and LIVERPOOL	"KEEMUN"	On 25th July.
LONDON and ANTWERP.	"MOYUNE"	On 2nd August.

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VICTORIA, SEATTLE, TACOMA, and all PACIFIC COAST PORTS.	"STENTOR"	On 15th June.
NAGASAKI, KOBE & YOKOHAMA.	"OANFA"	On 17th July.

For Freight, apply to—  
**BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, AGENTS.**

Hongkong, 30th May, 1904.

# CHINA NAVIGATION CO. LIMITED.

FOR	STEAMERS	TO SAIL
CEBU and ILOILO	"KAIFONG"	On 3rd June, 4 P.M.
MANILA	"TAMING"	On 3rd June, Noon.
SHANGHAI	"WHAMPOA"	On 4th June.
SWATOW, CHEFOO and TIENTSIN	"CHILTI"	On 5th June.
SHANGHAI	"WUCHANG"	On 6th June.

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Hongkong, 30th May, 1904.

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THROUGH BILLS OF LADING ISSUED FOR BATAVIA, PERSIAN GULF, CONTINENTAL, AMERICAN AND SOUTH AFRICAN PORTS.

THE Steamship

"SIMLA."

Captain F. R. Summers, carrying His Majesty's Mails, will be despatched from this for Bombay, etc., on SATURDAY, the 4th JUNE, at Noon, taking passengers and cargo for the above ports.

Silk and Valuables, all cargo for France, and Tea for London (under arrangement) will be transhipped at Colombo into a steamer proceeding direct to Marseilles and London; other cargo for London, etc., will be conveyed via Bombay.

Passengers will be received at this Office until 4 P.M. the day before sailing. The contents and value of all packages are required.

Shippers are particularly requested to note the terms and conditions of the Company's Bills of Lading.

For further particulars, apply to  
**E. A. HEWETT, Superintendent.**

Hongkong, 23rd May, 1904.



## AUSTRIAN LLOYD'S STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY.

STEAM FOR Fiume and Trieste (Direct), calling at SINGAPORE, PENANG, COLOMBO, BOMBAY, ADEN, SUEZ and PORT SAID.

Taking Cargo at through rates to the BRAZIL, SOUTH AFRICA, PERSIAN GULF, RED SEA, BLACK SEA, LEVANT, VENICE and ADRIATIC PORTS.

THE Company's Steamship

"VINDOBONA."

Captain Cobil, will be despatched as above on WEDNESDAY, the 2nd June, P.M.

For information as to Passage and Freight, apply to  
**SANDEE, WIELER & CO., Agents.**

Hongkong, 28th May, 1904.

## NATAI LINE OF STEAMERS.

THE Undersigned GENERAL AGENTS in CHINA and JAPAN for the above Line are prepared to issue THROUGH BILLS OF LADING for all the principal ports in SOUTH AFRICA, in connection with INDIA-CHINA STEAM NAVIGATION CO.'s fortnightly service hence to CALCUTTA. Sailings from CALCUTTA for CARP PORTS every fortnight.

For Freight and further particulars, apply to  
**DODWELL & CO., LIMITED,**  
General Agents for China and Japan.  
Hongkong, 4th August, 1897.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES

OCEAN STEAMSHIP COMPANY, LIMITED, AND CHINA MUTUAL STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

CONSIGNEES per Company's Steamer

"YANGTSE."

are hereby notified that the Cargo is being discharged into Craft, and/or landed at the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Co., Ltd., where in both cases it will be at Consignee's risk. The Cargo will be ready for delivery from Craft or Godown on and after the 31st inst.

Optional cargo will be landed, unless notice has been given prior to steamer's arrival.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined at 11 A.M. on the 6th prox.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the steamer's Godown and all Goods remaining undischarged after the 6th prox., will be subject to rent.

All Claims against the Steamer must be presented to the Undersigned on or before the 8th prox., or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

BUTTERFIELD & SWIRE, Agents.

Hongkong, 29th May, 1904.

## NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM MIDDLEBOROUGH, LONDON AND STRAITS.

THE Steamship

"PLINTSHIRE."

Captain J. M. Haffner, having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed at their risk into the Godowns of the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company, Limited, at Kowloon, and at risk at Consignees' risk and expense.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining undischarged after the 7th inst., will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 7th inst., at 2 P.M.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be countersigned by SHEWAN, TOMES & CO., Agents.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904.

## NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA.

NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.

FROM MIDDLEBOROUGH, ANTWERP, LONDON AND PORTS.

THE Company's Chartered Steamship

"BORDER KNIGHT."

having arrived from the above ports, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods are being landed and placed at their risk in the Hongkong and Kowloon Wharf and Godown Company's Godown at Kowloon, where each consignment will be sorted out mark by mark and delivery can be obtained as soon as the Goods are landed.

Optional Goods will be carried on unless instructions are given to the contrary before Noon, To-day, the 1st inst.

Goods not cleared before the 7th inst., will be subject to rent.

All ship-damaged packages must be left in the Godowns and notices of same sent to this Office before the 10th inst., or claims in connection therewith will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance will be effected.

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA, Agents.

Hongkong, 1st June, 1904.

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EXTRA PALE LAGER IN CLEAR BOTTLES, OF UNIVERSAL POPULARITY.

ANHEUSER BUSCH BREWING ASSOCIATION, ST. LOUIS.

LEADS IN QUALITY AND QUANTITY IN THE WORLD.

(This Beer is brewed of best Saazer Hops and finest Barley Malt only, and warranted not to contain Chemicals in any form.)

The Beer is sterilised after being bottled, and full mature age insures its fine condition in any climate. Beautifully bright, seductively sparkling, and perfectly pure.

F. BLACKHEAD & CO., Sole Agents.

Hongkong 25th July, 1903.

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"NAGASAKI PRESS" OFFICE, Nagasaki.

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Hongkong, 12th December, 1903.

## NOT RESPONSIBLE FOR DEBTS

NITHER THE CAPTAIN, THE AGENTS, NOR THE OWNERS will be RESPONSIBLE for any DEBT contracted by the Officers or the Crew of the following Vessels during the stay in Hongkong Harbour.

RELIGIOUS, British 4-m. barque, J. McBryde—Standard Oil Co.

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Hongkong, 1st June, 1904.

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MEXICAN PLANTERS.

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Yes. But see that the signature of DRESSLHUYSEN and NIEUWEN.

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